GUAGUES APPOINTED .- William P. Walsh and P. A. Doherty have been appointed guagers at San Francisco, Cal.

DEAWBACKS ON THES.-The Treasury Department has decided that a drawback will be allowed on the expertation of floor tiles, treads, itvers and tembstones, wholly manufactured of imported marble.

COL. WOOD TRANSFERRED.-Lieut. Col. Henry C. Wood, Assistant Adjutant-General, is relieved from duty in the office of the Ad-jutant General and transferred to the Depart-

DATE ARMY NEWS .- First Lieut. Frank S. Rice, of the First Artillery, has been ordered to report to Maj. Gen. Oliver O. Roward, presi-cent of the Army Retiring Board, at San Fran-cisco, Cal., för examination by the board.

LRAVE OF ABSENCE has been granted Second Lieut, Walter H. Chatfield, Fifth Artillery: Second Lieut, Wright P. Edgarton, Second Artillery, upon the completion of his duties at hist Springs, Ark., will return to Jackson Barracks, La.

YELLOW FEVER REPORTS .- Surgeon-General Liamitton has received a telegram from Live sk, Florida, announcing one death from yellow fever. At Enterprise, Florida, there are seventeen cases on hand, two deaths in the last forty-eight hours.

A THIRD DIVIDEND .- The Comptroller of the Currency has declared a third dividend, 18 per cent., in favor of the creditors of the National Bank of Sunter, S. C. This makes in all 80 percent, on claims proved, amounting to \$75,309.28. The bank failed August 22,

Department has ordered the release of certain samples of wine and whisky under seizu e at the port of New York, the property of L. S. Mackie, for a violation of sec. 2502 of the Revised Statutes, the quantities being less than prescribed by said statute. Also the release of two kegs of rum seized for the same cause

NAVAL ORDERS.-Ordered: Pasign Charles H. Harlow, as inspector of steel at Pittsburg, Pa.; Medical Director Albert L. Gibon, to duty in charge of the Naval Hospital at New York; Paymaster George H. Read, as assistant to the general storekeeper at the Navy Yard, New York, November 5. Detached—Medical Director John Y. Taylor, from duty in charge of the Naval Hospital, New York, and ordered as member of the Medical Examining Board at Washington, D. C.

ARMY RETHING BOARD,-An army retiring board has been appointed to meet from time to time at the call of its president at San for time at the call of its present at san Francisco, Cal., with the following detail: Major-General O. O. Howard, Col. Elisha I. Balley, surgeon; Col. Alex. J. Perry, Assistant Quartermaster-General; Lieut.-Col. Isaac D. De Russy, Fourteenth Infantry, and Capt. John J. Cochran, assistant surgeon. The Commanding General, Division of the Pacific, will detail a recorder for the board.

CHANGE OF STATIONS.—The following changes in the stations of officers of the Inspector General's Department are ordered: Col. Robert P. Hughes, recently relieved from Col. Robert P. Hugnes, recently relieved from duty here, to duty in the Division of the Atlantic; Lieut, Col. Edward M. Heyl, inspector general, transferred to headquarters Division of the Missouri, to replace Col. Joseph C. Breckinridge, inspector general; Lieut, Col. George H. Burton, inspector general, to the headquarters, Division of the Pacific; Maj. H. W. Lawton, inspector general from temporary W. Lawton, inspector general, from temporary duty in office of the Inspector General to the Department of the Missouri.

THE FORTIFICATIONS BOARD,-The Army Fortification Board held its first meeting today in room No. 50 of the War Department, to consider and act upon the question of the needs and defences of the country. The board is composed of the following officers: Major-General John M. Schofield, U. S. A.; Col. H. L. Abbott, Corps or Engineers; Col. Henry W. Closon. Fourth Artiflery: Lieutenant-Colonel Alfred Mordecai, Ordnance Department, as recorder.

The board has been allowed an expenditure in the aggregate of \$0,500,000, and the amount of money expended in any one fiscal year is

of money expended in any one fiscal year is not to exceed \$2,000,000. Maj. Gen. Schoffeld afterwards said that nothing of special inter-

Claims will be very busy for several weeks in considering French Spoliation cases. The general docket will be taken up on the first Tuesday in December, the day on which he Austin cotton case is fixed. Chief Justice Richardson and Nott and Weldon were present yesterday when the court was opened.
Judge Schoffer arrived last night, and Judge
Davis is expected to-day. The attorneys have
dismissed quite a number of french Spoliation
petitions. Mr. W. W. Earle, who represents a great many of these claims, stated that these petitions were simply of a general or blanket character, filed to save the jurisdiction of the court when the limit of time to present claims was about to expire.

## THE DISTRICT GOVERNMENT.

The question of allowing fountains to run in Oak Hill Cemetery has been bothering the District officials for some time. They have made a proposition to the cemetery authorities that if they will place acceptable meters on the service pipe leading to the grounds and pay at meter rates for all the water so used, they might turn on the fountains in the after-

The Sole Right to Sell Butter. H. C. Coburn, E. J. Sacks, J. C. Fearson' Sons, J. H. Caldwell, W. W. Hough and P. V. Hough have complained to the Commissioners from time to time that they have purchased the entire right to sell butter in the Western Market, and that Mr.J. Elker occupies a stall in the market for the sale of butter in deflance of the agreement of the Commissioners that only a certain number of butter stalls would be allowed in the market. They allege that this is a violation of the rights and privileges purchased by them from the District. The papers were referred to Maj. Moore and the Major referred them to Lieut. Guy. Lieut. Guy reports that he applied for a warrant against Mr. Eiker, but the prosecuting attorney refused it, saying there is no law under which to prosecute such a case.

Widening Columbia.

Widening Columbia Road. There will probably be a delay in the work of widening Columbia road. Mr. Max Lansburgh, of Baltimore, who owns, 65,000 feet of land, with a frontage of 327 feet on the road iand, with a frontage of 324 feet on the road in question, this morning fled a written protest against any widening of the road unless some provision is made to pay him for its land which will be taken for this purpose. He says there is no condemnation, deed or dedication of his land, and he will protest unless he is conversed.

Building Permits Issued. Building permits have been granted to E. J, Waltz to erect four dwelling-, 1252 to 1258 Second street southwest, to cost \$3,500; Charles Dietz, dweiling No. 9 C street, \$2,800; C. B. Cook, office corner Fourteenth and T streets, \$100; C. J. Noble, frame dwelling on Seventh-

The Liquor Licenses. The Commissioners decided to-day that they would not act on liquor license applications

Soldiers for St. Elizabeth. Twenty-six insane soldiers from the Dayton

(Ohio) Soldiers' Home will arrive here t evening on the 5:15 train in charge of 1 Patton. They will be sent to St. Elizabeth.

A Prophetess in Israel.

A touching picture of party loyalty was presented at the Union Depot at St. Louis the other day by a woman with two sets of twins, the younger being about two months old The elder pair she said were called Blaine and Logan and the other Harrison and Morton. "You missed it on the first two," said a bystander;" "I hope you will have better luck next time;" and pressing Harrison and Morton to her breast she replied, "I recken I will,"

# THE EVENING POST.

WASHINGTON, TUESDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 30, 1888.

Brent Goes on the Stand and Tells His

ARGUMENT FOR THE GOVERNMENT.

The Case Reaches the Jury This After-

The case of Moses Brent, on trial for murder in killing Charley Parker, was resumed in the Criminal Court to-day.

Yesterday afternoon the testimony for the Government was given, and it was stated that some time prior to the fatal encounter on June 2 both boys had made threats against each other. Brent had been heard to say that he had ten dollars saved, and that when he had done with Parker he was going to leave

had done with Parker he was going to leave town.

The defense was taken up this morning George Washington stated that Charles West, a Government witness, had said privately that he knew nothing about the hondicide, except what he had heard, but that he proposed to get his dollar and a quarter. On cross-examination Washington said that he saw the encounter and that Parker held something which showe in his land, asying: "If you come a step further Pil kill you." He ad vanced, and Mose picked up a piece of brick. Parker continued to advance and Brent threw the piece of brick.

The Defendant's Statement.

The defendant himself was put on the

The defendant himself was put on the stand. He stated that he was nineteen years old and that he had been employed in the

o'd and that he had been employed in the Gilos Brick Works. He seemed quite nervous and told his story almost entirely by responding one by one to Mr. Taylor's questions. He said he had been going with Sadie Adams while Parker was away at sea, but that he stopped when Parker came home because he heard that Parker had threatened him. His coucin told him that Parker was complaining that he had been keeping his woman while he was away. On New Year's eve Brent was standing on the church steps, when Parker came up to him, saying that he wanted to decide this question about his girl. Brent responded that there was nothing to settle. After this he kept out of Parker's way. George Thomas told him that Parker proposed to kill him when he gut the chance.

After this he kept out of rarker's way, coorge Thomas told him that Parker proposed to kill him when he got the chauce.

On the evening of the killing George Thomas called him out of the restaurant known as the Last Chauce, saying that he wanted to see him. When he got out Parker jumped upon him saying: "Thomas said he wanted to see you, but I want to see you." He then told him that he had been after Sadle about going with him, and she said she would not insult Brent for Parker. The only way was for them to have a fight, and the one that whipped she would marry. George Thomas said "go ahead Charley—give it to him." Brent said he did not care to have a fuss. Just then a girl who he thought was Sadle Adams called out to him, "Mose come over here." He replied, "I will be there in a short time."

Parker said: "yon'll be h—. If you move a

here." He replied, "I will be there in a short time."

Parker said: "yon'il be h... If you move a step I'll cut your heart out." Brent reached down on the ground and found a piece of brick. Parker drew what looked to be a case-knife. Brent then struck him. Parker, he said, was trying to run a knife in him when he struck him. The first time Parker ran at him Brent struck at him and missed him. The next time Parker had his bead ducked, and Brent struck him on the left side of the head. Brent declared that he never said he had ten dollars saved with which to go away when he had done with Parker.

On cross-examination he denied having told Detective Raff that Parker had neither stone nor knife. He did not know what became of the knife.

Robert Taylof Was recalled in rebuttal and said that when he found the body he saw nothing of any knife.

This closed the case. Argument for the Government. Mr. Lipscomb began the argument for the

Government at a quarter to 12. The argument was concluded at twenty-five minutes to three. Judge Montgomery gave the case to the jury shortly after 3 o'clock.

## IN HER THROAT.

A New Use for an Old Instrument Dis-Mrs. Sarah Johnson, of 2422 Virginia avenue, swallowed a pin about 11 o'clock one night last week and it stuck in her throat She was unable to dislodge it by coughing, and she walked the floor in agony all night until daylight, and then she called on Dr. Neil. The doctor saw at once that Mrs. Johnson was in a serious plight and that unless the pin was got out the consequences would be dis-

astrous.

His fingers would not reach it. Emetics were given her, but still the pin stuck. A flexible brush was tried, but the pin was too firmly lodged to be loosened that way. Finally, as a last resort, the doctor got a brand new catheter and inserted it in the patient's throat. The head of the pin was eaught in one of the holes in the cud of the catheter and loosened and fundly removed. This successful operation. finally removed. This successful operation opens up a new field of usefulness for the catheter.

## DOES IT MEAN A SPLIT?

The National Jockey Club File Articles of Incorporation.

Articles of incorporation were filed to-day for "The National Jockey Club of the District of Columbia," the purpose of the association being the encouragement and development of the blood horse by offering honorable competition in trials of speed and endurance, and the advancement of the members in the art and knowledge of training and improving the

and knowledge of training and improving the said blood horse.

The trustees for the first year are Frederick B. McGutre, Smith Townshend, M. D., F. M. Draney, John R. Kelly, William Dickson and Os cola C. Green. The incorporators are John R. Kelly, F. M. Draney, John C. Mc-Ginn, Osceola C. Green and John J. Hollister.

Duluth, Mind., Oct. 80 .- A can of dynamit cartridges was, on Saturday, placed in front of a blacksmith shop belonging to a street contractor. The cartridges exploded and six workmen were seriously injured. This is the second attempt made to kill men working for this contrastor. Discharged employes are thought to be the guilty parties.

Fearful Fall from a Trapeze. St. Louis, Oct. 33.—James Ward, a trapeze performer at the London Theatre, met a fearful fate before a crowded house last night. While going through his act he fell from the trapeze and plueged into the orchestra chairs. He never moved, and when picked skull was found to be fractured. He

France and the Vatican. Berlin, Oct. 30 .- The Germania (Catholic) states that a letter urging the necessity of a good understanding between France and the Vatican has been sent by the Pope to Presi-

Canine Mortification.

There never was a more touching picture of canine mortification than was seen on Walnut. street the other day. A dog led by a woman The little animal in question was pretty, as black and tau dogs go. But his defined mistress had rigged him out in a black satin blanket that was fastened to his chin by one huge bow, and on top of his back by another. At a distance the beast had the appearance of an animated pink rosette. He was led by a narrow pink ribbou to match his costume, and he glanced at every man who passed with an expression that plainly said, "Don't laugh!"—[Des Moines Leader. is always a sorry spectacle of dignity in chain

Mr. Leland Stanford's mare Sumal trotted to break her record on Saturday. She made the mile in 2:18 as follows. Quarter, 35; hulf, 1:701; three-quarters, 1:48; mile, 2:18.

## A BAND OF COUNTERFEITERS. Six of Them Sent to Prison for Varylog PRESSING THE THUMB-SCREWS

New York, Oct. 30 .- In the United

States Circuit Court yesterday Judge Benedict sentenced six counterfeiters of United States currency to various terms of imprisonment. Five of the men were Sicilians, members of the band of which Counterfeiter Russo, already sentenced, was the head, and one of them. Condetero Bettini, was the associate of the mennow in prison for murdering Flac-

men now in prison for murdering Flac-comio. Bettini was sentenced to cight years in Eric County Penitentiary.

John Raffoni was convicted on Friday of circulating counterfeit five-dollar sil-ver certificates. He pleaded guilty to-clay on two other charges of counterfeit-ing. He was sentenced to five years' imprisonment in the Kings County peni-tentiary on the first charge and to one tentiary on the first charge and to one day each on the other two. Charles Sales was sentenced to three years at the same institution, and Vinceuzi Norreiti and Joseph Romero were sentenced to two and one-half and one and one-half years respectively in the Eric County penitentiary. Robert Traintor was sen-tenced to one year's incarceration at the

Elinira Reformatory, While Detectives Mullin and Clark were taking three of the Italian witnesses through Roosevelt street on their way to court three Italians walked from an all eyway and threatened the witnesses with death if they persisted in testifying. The detectives arrested the fellows and locked them up. They are all young men and live in Mulberry street.

#### Water Rights at El Paso.

Chicago, Oct. 30.—A dispatch from El Paso, Tex., says: The director of the Geological Survey is of the opinion that the recently-conceived plan of constructing an immense dam across the Rio Grande at or near El Paso is perfectly practicable, but he thought that the question of conflicting water rights must first be settled by the enactment of a general law by Congress. The chief purposes of the dam would be to irrigate the valley for about fifty miles and to furnish motive power, to prevent destructive floods below here and to settle the Mexican boundary question by keeping the river in its proper channel. It is proposed to make the dam an international affair. Maj. Ernest, of the Corps of Government Engineers, stationed at Galveston, has been detailed to take a party and make an examination of the Rio Grande from Embudo, 500 miles north of El Paso, to El Paso. urvey is of the opinion that the recently-con-

George Day's Light Punishment. Philadelphia, Oct. 30 .- George M. Day, conricted of involuntary manslaughter in killing Theodore Clemmer, at Gloucester, on the 17th of June, was yesterday sentenced by Judge Garof June, was yesterday sentenced by Judge Garrison, in the Camden, N. J., Criminal Court, to pay a fine of \$500 and the costs of prosecution. The light sentence was received with a tumultuous outburst of applause from the crowd which filled the court room to overflowing, and it was several minutes before the officers could enforce silence. The youthful prisoner was at once surrounded by friends who congratulated him on the fortunate outcome of his trial. The prisoner and his counsel immediately went over to Sheriff Baird's office, where the fine was paid and Day was given his freedom. He immediately left with relatives for his home in Philadelphis.

A Boston Steamer Held at Hayti.

Boston, Oct. 30 .- The Haytien Republic, the teamer selzed at Hayti on a charge, as reorted, of "attempting to force the blockade of the insurgent port St. Marc with rebel troops, arms and ammunition on board," is a Boston boat and engaged in the West India tradeasace 1865 when she was built in Bath, Me. The agents, B. C. Morse & Co., have received no word from the consignees or captain of the vessel. They state that they know nothing of vesser. They state that they know nothing of any contraband on board the steamer. The steamer sailed from New York October 4, car-rying a general cargo. The agents have placed the matter in charge of the authorities at Washington and are awaiting developments.

Cargo of "Old Hutch's" Wheat Lost. Chicago, Oct. 30.—Dispatches received here resterday by the owner of the schooner Pensaukee, which sailed from here on the 18th inwith 35 500 bushels of wheat for Buffalo state that the vessel was sunk in the St. Clair River six miles above the entrance to the St. Clair flats canal. The tug which was towing the Fensukee became disabled, and to prethe Pensaukee became disabled, and to pre-vent collision with her the schooner's anchors were let go. The water is shallow at that place, and the anchor fluke tore a hole in her bottom with the result above stated. The wheat be-longs to B. P. Hutchinson, the big dealer of this city.

New York, Oct. 30.-Capt. Steeht and seven ailors of the German bark Apotheker Diesing arrived here to-day from Rio Janeiro on the arrived here to-day from Rio Janeiro on the steamer Ablainca. Their vessed was lost on October 7 fifty miles east of Point Adelaide, Brazil. Capi. Merriam of the American ship Syren also arrived on the Ablanca. The Sy-ren, which was bound from Baltimore for San Francisco, put into Rio Janeiro on June 28 and was condemeed and sold. Her cargo of coal was sold for \$12,000.

An Ex-Editor's Good Fortune. Philadelphia, Oct. 30 .- A large number of aster car-builders were present here yesterday and negotiations were completed with Charles C. Brown, an ex-newspaper man, formerly of Duluth, for the purchase of a two-thirds interest in his newly-invented combination spring and air-cushion for freight and passenger cars. Mr. Brown receives \$70,000 in cash on January 2 next for the interest spoken of. A large offer for the remaining third interest was refused by the inventor.

Chicago, Oct. 30 .- A dispatch from Winnieg says: "The Government has not yet resigned, owing to the urgent representations of its friends that such action would crecipitate a grave state of affairs and leave the province in a hopeless condition. The constitutional course would be to resign immediately, but the Government feels the people are a unit with them in their course. The province continues terribly excited."

Struck a Herd of Cattle.

Putnam, Conn., Oct. 30 .- A herd of sixty ows was struck by a Hartford & Putnam train at a grade crossing and curve near Bol-ton Notch, and fourteen were killed. The high rate of speed alone saved the train from being hurled down a forty-five foot embank-ment. The train ran a mile before it could be stopped, the air-pipe baving been broken

He Did Not Belong to the Union. New York, Oct. 30,-Charles Diele, a German carpenter, fifty-five years old committed suicide by hanging himself during the night in his room at 408 Seventh avenue. Diele was a non-union man and was out of work.

Caught By the Corner. Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 30 .- J. A. Closser & Co., grain dealers, falled yesterday. Assets, \$100,000; liabilities said to be much larger. "Old Hutch" and late fire losses are responsi-

A Town Almost Destroyed. Carrollton, Mo., Oct. 30, -The little town of Hale, on the Chicago, Burlington & Kausas City Railroad, was nearly wiped out by fire

Texarkana, Ark., Oct. 30.-P. S. Matthews, the wealthiest sawmill owner and lumber-man in this section, was fatally stabbed by a negro employe at his mill yesterday.

A simple flower may be shelter for a troubled soul from the storms of life. A simple remody, Warner's Log Cabin Extract will ease pain, thus giving comfort to every troubled soul. All druggists keep it.

The Taking of Testimony Begun Before

the Court of Inquiry. HOW WORK WAS DONE IN THE TUNNEL

A Searching Investigation of the Frauds

Promised.

The Aqueduct Tunnel investigation was continued to-day by the military court in the War The court met at 10 o'clock Department. sharp, and the journal of the preceding meeting was read and approved. The first business was the examination of witnesses. The Kendall Bros., Mr. Clark and Inspector Lucas

The First Witness. Inspector Lucas was first sworn. He is a grizzled and veterau mason of about 60 years f age. When he had solemnly sworn to tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the

"State your name and occupation," said the Recorder.
"My name is Thomas Lucas. I reside in Washington and am an inspector of ma-Here the Court decided to examine the wit-

nesses separately, and, accordingly, the Kendall Bros. and Mr. Clark were removed to author room. Lieut. Townsend, in full uniform, and Attorneys Perry and Hunter sat to

form, and Attorneys Perry and Hunter sat to one side.

The affidavit made by Lucas was handed him for identification. "Did you make this affidavit?" asked the President.

"I did, sir," replied Lucas.

"I began in November, 1884, lining the shaft in the east end under the first contract. After lining the shaft! was sent to lay off the work in the tunnel for the lining of the tunnel."

"Which part of the work was done with dry packing?" asked the president.

"All that first portion of work done."

"What was the character of the brick work!"

"The brick work was done well."

"What had of brick was used!"

"Hand-made brick, what is known as hard brick."

"How was the packing done?"
"The packing at that time was of a good character."
"When did you cease to be inspector under that contract?

hat contract?"
"In August, 1885."
"When did you begin work again?"
"Not until another contract was let."
"How much work was done in the rom the time you stopped work until you be

gan again?"
"I could not tell; I do not know."
"I want you to state in detail the character of work done under your inspectorship after you commenced work again," damanded the president. president.
"The brick work has been done well throughout and the mortar was good. As to the packing, it was stone, such as used throughout the tunnel. It was put in by

"Was it laid in mortar or cement?" "Some of it was and some was not."
"How was this work done?"
"In my opinion it was done well."
"You say in portions of the tunnel mortar was used in the packing and at other places it

was not?"

"Yes, for there were portions where mortar could not be used."

"Was it used in all places where it was possible to do so?" "Yes, it was."
"Yes, it was."
"What portion of the packing was done in sement mortar?"
"I could not tell; I was not there all the form."

"I could not tell; I was not there all the time."

"Were you the sole inspector?"

"No, there were six others besides me."

"When you saw that the parking was being done without mortar did you report to any one?!"

"I complained to the men under me who were doing the work that it was not being done satisfactorily."

"Why did you not complain to those in authority above you?"

"I did not consider it worth while. The work was being done better than the specifications called for."

"When did you commence on the last contract?"

tract?"
"May 15 of this year I commenced at Rock Creek. I was sent to Champlain avenue east about May 19." What was the character of this work?"

"It was good throughout and seconding to specifications. The brick was good and the packing was stone set in mortar."

Mr. Lucas then entered into details of the manner of keying and packing.

"What kind of work was done at night?"

"The keying and packing over the keying."

The Work Done at Night. "What do you know of the character of the work done at night !"

work done at night?"
"I saw that the work reported done overnight was more than could have been completed. When I went off sluty one night I
quietly told one of the men on duty at the
elevator to drop a brick for every barrel of
cement sent down. The next morning there
were six bricks. I measured the work completed. It was forty yards of masonry and
six barrels of cement could not have done the
work. I complained publicly in the tunnel
and was reprimanded."

"You made no complaint to Lieut. Townsend until after you were discharged?"

"How much of the work done in the tunnel was bad ?" "There were about 530 feet in Howard Uni-versity shaft that I could guarantee was

"Mr. Lucas, give the names of the men who Brothers."
Col. Hodges—"You had the specifications

"Were the specifications the same?"

You don't know, then, that the same work was required on each contract?" Col. Craighill.—"Mr. Lucas, have you ever een a Government inspector before?"
"No, sir."

Not in my section."

"Have you eyer served as inspector in No. str." "No, str."
"Who employed you?"
"Col. Symons."
"What were the hours of your service?"
"From 7.30 a. m. until 5.30 p. m."
"Did the work continue all night?"

"Who was the inspector of the night work?" "O'Brien was."
"Was he your subordinate;"
"No, sir, he was on the same footing as my-

"Do you know whether there was a con-mous inspection of the work."
"No: I do not." What was the character of the masonry in the side walls?

the side walls?"
"It was good."
"You think there has been but work in the packing of the keying of the arch?"
"Not alone in the packing of the keying, but also in the baunches of the arch." "How many men were working under your

inspections!"
"Twenty-five or thirty,"
"Were they all working together?"
"No, they were separated by about twenty-eight feet. I had two gauge and they were separated by about 200 feet." "Did you stay with one gang all the "No, I walked from one to the other."
"Did you consider the work fully inspected?"

Yes, I did." "Was it part of your duty as inspector to Was it your duty to test the cement 81 "No, Col. Kurlin did that."
"Was the mortar used in the tunnel good!"
"Yes, it was"
"When did you leave work?"

"August 6."
"What was the reason for your dismissal!"

"I think it was because I demanded better thing was being done?"

"Col. Kurlin."

"Col. Kurila."
Lucas also stated that Kuriin bad said that bis (Lucas') "mouth was too big. or he would have stayed there."
Licut. Townsend... "To what portion of the work do you allude in your allidavit."
"From the 15th of May."
"What was the condition of the work in preceding vears."

"It was good, I think." A sharp Cross-Examination. Licut. Townsend then put Mr. Lucas

through a sharp cross-examination as to details Lucas then desired to make a statement and as granted leave. He said: "There was not a single visit of Lieut Townsend to the tunnel but was known beforehand to the workmen, and they were given time in which to cover up and conceal any bad work."

William Kendall on the Stand. Lucas was then discharged and William Kendall was sworn. He stated his name and gave his occupation as that of a bricklayer. The president of the court first asked him gen eral questions as to his former work and the nature of it. He had been engaged on the squedet tunnel in New York, he said.

"When did you begin work on this tunnel?"
"In the fall of 1886."

"Under whose inspection did you work the

first year?"
"Under Mr. Lucas?"

"Under Mr. Lucas?"
"By whom were you employed under the last contract?"
"Brennan & Palmer."
"Who inspected your work then?!"
"Lucas, O'Brien and McNamara. I worked one week under O'Brien at night, and under Lucas about two months in the daytime."
"How was the brick-work?"
"It was good."

'It was good."
'How was the mortar!" "It wareful some days it was good and other ys it was bad, caused by too much sand." "How was the brick-work of the arch." "It was good."
"Now, about packing over the arch, how

as that done "It was bad."
"Did you do it?"
"No, air."
"In what respect does its faultiness con-

"It was not laid according to specifications."
"No, I didn't ask that; what would you call had, dry packing?"
"Where the stones were thrown loosely

"Do you know anything of the packing over the keying under Lucas's inspection?" "No. I do not." "What kind of work was done under "What kind of work was done under O'Brien's inspectorship?"
"We keyed up three 'bays' at a time the first night and each succeeding night that I worked under him."
"When you finished work at night what was the last work?"
"Keying up was the last work done."
"The second night that you went in, how far had the brick work proceeded?"
"I could not say."
"What time did you finish work the first night?"

'At 2 o'clock." "Mere there vacant spaces left every night?"

"There were: I saw vacant spaces in the packing every night and saw them faced in to give a solid appearance."

"Did you see the packing done in the Howard University section?"

"Yes."
"How was it?"

"It was bad."
"Were there any directions given when you
were working for O'Brien about putting in the

"The brick work was good and the packing was bad."

Putting in the Stone.

Col. Craighill then questioned the witness a to the details of putting the stone in the nacking. "While the packing was being thrown in

"I was on the opposite side."
"Did the inspector ever get on the platform?"
"Yes, sir, frequently."
"Yes, sir, frequently."
The president: "What was the distance between the sham walls?"

"About fourteen feet."
"Did you ever say anything to the inspector of the class of work done?"

being done."
"Has Inspector O'Brien been present and "Yes, he has stood by and seen it."
"Was Mr. O'Brien inspector for the G

"Was Mr. O'Brien inspector for the Govern-ment and foreman for the contractor at the "He was." "Can you point out the places in the tunnel where the work was done?"

"Yes."
"When did you cease working!" "In September."
"Why did you quit work?"
"Because there was no more to do." Lieut. Townsend-"When did you first make complaint as to this work?."

"In September."
"Had you given intimation to any Govern-ent officer of this work?"
"No." "No."
Testimony was then adduced to show that Lieut. Townsend had written Kendall the day after the first published intimation of bad work, asking for information as to the exact spots where this bad work was to be found; that Kendall had, through his afterney, refused to give any information unless disinternated nexteen matter and the statement of the statemen

Under O'Brien's Inspection. Lieut. Townsend-"When O'Brien was inspecting who put in those bulkheads?

"The packer did under O'Brien's instruc The president-"You testified that under Lucas's inspectorship there were spaces in the packing similar to O'Brien's work; how much of that was done?"

"I could not say."
"Did you see the head-walls built, leaving "How much space was left above the arch

"The space was left above the arch in which there was no packing?"

"The space varied; in one instance there was a cavern ten feet high and four or five feet long, in which there was no stone or packing at all." "How did they conceal these spaces from "How did they conceal these spaces from the officers?"

"Oh, they always knew for a couple of hours beforehand when an engineer officer was coming in, and they had time to wall it up."

Col. Craighill—"You say that notice was always given through Col. Rurlin of the approach of the augment; what instructions were given the packers?"

"The inspector then told, them to do good."

"The inspecier then told them to do good work; it was the only time they were told to do good work."

"Was any effort made to conceal from the chief inspector the bad work being done?"

"No effort at all; he could have seen it had he mounted the platform."

When the examination of William Kendall was concluded the Recorder announced that the copies of contracts and history of the work on the tunnel had been transmitted, and were Mr. Lucas was then brought in.
The president—"Mr. Lucas, who were engaged as masons during your work under the

What times during the day were you pres-At various times."

"Would it be possible that much vacant space could be left above the brick work dur-"As a matter of fact, do you know whether

there were any vacant spaces?" Was it possible for any such cavity to be No, unless advantage was taken of my temporary absence."

Col. Hodges—"Was it possible during your absence for much inferior work to be done?"

"Yes, air, it was."

"I'wo or three times I had a suspicion of such a state of thing, but I never pulled out any work to see."

Col. Craighttl-"Was notice given to the men of the coming of the engineer officer?"

"Had you cause to believe that any such

"What affect did it have upon you?"
"What affect did it have upon you?"
"None at all: my work was the same wil the time."
"Did you ever see any bad work covered

"Did you ever see any indications of such things having been attempted!"
"Once or twice I thought so, but it was not of sufficient consequence to report it."
At 2:10 the court adjourned until 11 s. m.

RACING RESUMED. Taragon and Bradford Win the First

Two Events. The Jockey Club resumed their fall meeting this afternoon. The sun was warm and the breeze just bracing enough by be enjoyable.

The track was in excellent condition, and for the first time since the meeting opened the horses kicked up the dust as they ran. The attendance likewise was larger than usual and

horses kicked in p the disk as they ran. The attendance likewise was larger than usual and the betting livelier.

In the first race Bella B, forged ahead at the start, and stayed there clear to the half, with King Crab a length behind. Haywood on Jaragon was riding a waiting race, and he rods it cleverly, moving up past King Crab at the three-quarters. In the stretch all were bunched and jockeys whipping.

Bella B, had a lead of a half length, and Taragon and King Crab were neck and neck. Then Taragon shot ahead and won, with Bella B, a good second and King Crab third. Time, 2:042.

In the second race, 2 miles, Bradford led all the way and won in 1:181. Patrocles was econd at the start, and Wahoo third. Britanic then took second place and held it to the tretch, when Cambyses moved up and won the place. Wahoo third.

Little Jim was scratched in the third, Brown Charlle in the second and Leander in the last race.

The following were the entries in the remain-

Third race, 1 1-8 miles, Boccacio, 100; Little Jim, 94; Biggonet, 105; Golden Little J.m. 94; Biggonet, 105; Golden Reel, 91.

Fourth race, 1 1-8 miles, Eurus, 122; Ovid, 108; Specialty, 103; Ten Doy, 103.

Fifth race, 3-4 mile, Leander, 104; Dynamite, 113; Austriana, 110; Regulus, 108; Commander, 131; Volatile, 118; Nita, 110; Carnegie, 118; Carrie G., 107; Yorick, 105; Lakewood and Eleanor C., 110 each.

A Sensation in W. C. T. U. Circles. Wabash, Ind., Oct. 30.—A sensation has been created in the Women's Christian Temperance Union here by the action of several members, prominent among whom is Mrs.
Kate M. Burdick, the president of the
Women's Harrison and Hovey Club, in withdrawing from the organization. Mrs. Burdick
says that the seceders were impelied by the
action of the national body in ignoring Mrs.
Ellen J. Foster and committing itself to the
third party. third party.

John Still in the Ring. New York, Oct. 33.-In a letter to the Illus trated News, John L. Sullivan says he is the only champion, and hopes to be prepared at an early day to defend the title against all comers. Kirain, he says, will have the first chance, and if they meet he has no fear of the Philadelphia's Stock Exchange.

formal possession of the new, handsome and commodious quarters in the new Drexel build-ing at Fifth and Chesinut streets. The open-ing was attended with appropriate ceremonies, which included a reception, an elaborate ban-quet and speech making.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL. The Stock and Money Market.

New York, Oct. 30.—Money, 26,24 per cent. Exchange steady; posted rates 484/6/4844; actual rates, 484/6/4844 for sixty days and 488(6,4884 for demand. Governments steady; currency 6s, 121½ bid; 4/s, coupon, 108½ bid; 4s, do., 127½ bid.

The stock market opened active and weak with a renewal of the selling of New York and New England and Reading so marked during yesterday.

During the first hour prices declined ½ to 14

covered by noon. is dull but steady. The market at this writing is dull but steady.

1 p. m. prices—W. U., 85½, Eric, 28½;
N. Y. C., 109½; pfd., 64½; N. J. C., 87½; L.
S., 103; Ills. Cent., 116½; L. E. W., 16½;
Mich. Cent., 88; L. and N., 30½; N. P., 26;
N. W., 111½; pfd., 60½; do. pfd., 141½; O. M.
35½; C. P., 35½; Reading., 48½; U. P., 63½;
R. I., 106½; Mo. P., 74½; San Fran., 25½; Tex.,
24; do. pfd., 64½; Omaha, 38; St. P., 65½; C.
S., 54; D. and H. 117½; pfd., 116½; 93½; D. L.
and W., 138; N. and C., 8½; C., B. and Q.,
100.

The Chicage Market.

The Chicago Market, Chicago, Ill., Oct. 30.—Closing, 1:15 p. m.—Wheat—Oct., 1174; Nov., 118; Dec., 119; May, 120; Corn—Oct., 40; Nov., 40; 40; Dec., 29; May, 38; Oat.—Oct., 34; Nov., 34; Dec., 25; May, 39; Pork—Oct., 14.47; Nov. and Dec., 14.40; May, 14.80. Lard—Oct., 8.12; Nov., 8.10; Dec., 8.06; Sox, 8.73; May, 8.27; Short Ribs—Oct., 7.35; Jan., 7.37; The Washington Stocks.

The Washington Stocks. Miscellaneous Bends—W. & G. R. R., 1108; Jasonic Hall Asa'n, 104; Wash, Market Cd., 14; Wash, Light Infantry, 1st, 92; Wash, Gas Light Co., 124.
National Bank Stocks—Bank of Washing-on, 200; Bank of Republic, 138; Metropulltan, 96; Central, 200; Second, 1264; Farmers and dechanics', 163; Citizons', 1234; Columbia,

115.
Railroad Stocks—Washington and George-town, 206; Metropolitan, 10%; Columbia, 34; Cap. & North O st., 26; Anacestia, 10.
Insurance Stocks—Firemen's, 37; Franklin, 40; Metropolitan, 72; Nerioual Union, 19%; Arlington, 157%; Corcoran, 59%; Columbia, 12%; German American, 15%; Polomac, 63; Eiges, 8, Gas and Electric Light Stocks—Washington Gas, 40%; Georgatown Gas, 44; Telephone Stocks—Chesapeake & Potomac, 78.

78.
Miscellaneous Stocks—Veshington Market
Co., 144; Washington Brick Machine Co., 190;
National Press Brick Co., 11; Great Falls Ice
Co., 120; Bull Run Panorama Co., 17; Real
Estate Title Insurance Co., 14; Columbia
Title Insurance Co., 54.

AT THE HOTELS. Edward Alcott and wife of Liverpool, England; A. G. N. Vermilya, of New York, and P. S. Varilly, of Paris, are at the Arlington.
H. Hinden Hyde, Samuel B. Betts, W. W. Macfarland and T. W. Lillie, of New York, and A. B. H. Lillie, U. S. N., are at Wormley's. George Forbes, of Cleveland, is at Welck

Arthur Hodges of the Johnstown Steel Rail-oad Company, of Johnstown, Pa., is at the E. H. Garrison, the famous jockey, is at Willard's. Ebbitt.

Gen. Abbot, of the Corps of Engineers, is at the Ebbitt. Gen. H. S. Wnipple, U. S. A., is at the Eb-G. Alfred Townsend, "Gath," is at the

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Watson, of Philadel-phia; J. G. Sheridan and Benjamin Hill, of New Jersey, and J. F. Bailey, of Philadelphia, are at the Riggs. are at the Riggs.

R. L. McClean and William McClean, the well-known borsenam, are at Willard's.

Hon. c. E. Boyle and wife, of Unicotown, Ps., are at Willard's. Judge Boyle has just been appointed to the Suprame Court at Seattle, Wash, Ter. He will leave next week for Washington Territory.

Hygienic Marketing.

Lady-I would like to look at some our rants, if you please.
Fruiterer—Here are some very nice English currants.

Lady-1 don't think they would do. My physician recommends electric currents. Have you any of those?

WHAT THE POLITICIANS SAY,

Vain Efforts to Locate the Writer of the Murchison Letter.

ROORBACK REVIVED. OLD

The Democrats Said to Be Preparing & Bombshett.

New York, Oct. 30. - The Herald's Washington special says that President Cleveland is about to issue a proclamation parting in force the Retailation act against Canada. It is said timely warning will be given to the Canadian Government that unless a due regard is had for our commercial rights the law will be conforced as strictly as the privileges of the act will allow.

Patrick Egan Denies U. Lincoln, Neb., Ont. 30.—Mr. Patrick Egun arrived at his home in this city has evening. In an interview be denies the authorship of

In an interview by denies the authorship of the Murchison letter, and says he knew nothing about the letter until he saw it printed in New York, Oct. 30.—At a reception tendered to Hon Levi P. Morton and Col. S. V. R. Cruger last night by members of the Republican Glub at their club bouse, a member introduced a set of resolutions condemning Lord Sackville and demanding his recall, but opposition to their acceptance developed and they were laid on the table.

Murchison a P. Hadelphia Lawyer.

Murchison a P tindelphia Lawyer, Philadelphia, Oct. 50.—The Times published an article yesterday in support of the theory that Lawyer William P. Snyder, of this city, is the author of the Murchison letter, but the article did not get beyond the province of

New Yark, Oct. 30.—A dispatch from Ithica, N. Y., says that a well-known gentleman of that city is of the opinion that the author of the Murchison letter is a certain ex-Postmaster, a strong Republican partisan, who, about the alleged date of the letter, was in correspondence with Gen. Harrison and a certain Republican editor of California.

Statement by British Americans. Chicago, Oct. 30 .- A circular has been is sued by the British-American Association of the United States, addressed to the citizens of the United States, in regard to the "misunderstanding that seems to exist in reference to the relation of the naturalized citizen of the United States to the great political parties of

America."

They say they have no stronger liking for one party than for the other, and "believe that any attempt to make it appear otherwise is particularly unfortunate and harmful to the best inferests of the United States, and should nowhere receive countenance or support. Certainly it should not be allowed to govers the political nation or excite the prejudice of honest or patriotic men." A Sensation in Montreal.

Montreal, Canada, Oct. 30.—The publication

here yesterday.
Sir John Macdonald was asked as to the Sir John Macdonaid was asked as to the truth of the announcement, but declined to discuss it, saying he wished to keep clear of the Sackville incident. He added, however, that perhaps he will say something about Sir Charles' appointment to-day.

The Democrats to Reply.

New York, Oct. 30.—The World prints the

of the appointment of Sir Charles Tupper as Minister West's successor made a sensation

following Washington dispaten: It is stated here on excellent authority that the Demo-cratic campaign committee is about to make public, with unanswerable proof, a sensational statement seriously affecting the loyalty of one of the candidates on the National Repub-lican ticket. An Old Forgery Resurrected. Fort Wayne, Ind., Oct. 30.-A few days ago

Philadelphia, Oct. 30.-The Philadelphia a local newspaper printed what purported to Stock Exchange Saturday afternoon took be an iterview with Judge Thurman by a man be an iterview with Judge Thurman by a man named Cook, in which the former was alleged to have used language reflecting on the Cath-olic clergy. Investigation develops that the story appeared in the Cincinnati Commercial-Gazette on August 18, 1876, and was at that time denied. The Journal sent a letter to Judge Thurman asking for his statement and received this answer to day: COLUMBUS, OHIO, Oct. 28, 1888.

Columnus, Chino, Oct. 28, 1888.

Joseph H. Schwerzgen, Eeq.:
Yours of the 23d instant I find on my return this morning; also another letter with the same story as it appeared thirteen years ago. Both Mr. Cook and msself pronounced it at that time to be an infamous faischood, and I d., the same thing now. It was as base a lie as was ever told apon a public man. The clipping you send me is put in such a way as to make it appear that the interview attributed to me was made during the campsign while I was in Fort Wayne, ind. This was evidently the intention of the publishers of that paper, and by this they have

Mr. Blaine Goes to Albany. New York, Oct. 30 .- James G. Blaine left New York, Oct. 30.—James G. Blaine left this city for Albany this morning at 10:30 o'clock. With him went his son, Walter Blaine, Senator Vedder, Judge A. W. Tenney, Gen. Hastings, and Dwight Lawrence.

His arrival at the depot was noted by the passengers and employes, and between cheering and firing off torpedoes they managed to give him a rousing send-off.

Mr. Blaine came to the rear platform of his special car and acknowledged the compliment special car and acknowledged the compliment with a bow. He will arrive in Albany at 2:35 o'clock, burry to the County Fair Grounds, where he will speak, and then return to this city by the 4:50 train from Albany this after-

A Great Day in Wheeling. Wheeling, W. Va., Oct. 30 .- It is a gala day in Wheelfug. Every Democratic business house and private residence on all the principal thoroughfares and most of the residence streets are decorated with bandannas, bunting and flags. The day being fine, the parade was

and dags. The day being fine, the parade was very successful.

Judge Thurman rode at the head of the parade in company with Senator Faulkner, exsenator Camdén and Chairman Riley, of the State committee. The speaking will begin at 3 o'clock this afternoon, from five or six different stands. Among the speakers will be tich. A. J. Warner, of Ohio; Hon. John W. Bookwalter, of Ohio; Hov. W. D. Moore, of Pennsylvania, and Senators Faulkner and Camden, of West Virginia. Judge Thurman will speak to-night in the rink. will speak to-night in the rink. Young Mrs. Blaine's Condition. New York Oct 30 .- Mrs. James G. Blaine, ir., s slightly improved in health, the doctor says

his morning, but is strill critical. She is suf-

fering from scute servous prostration border-

ing on brain fever, which added to her other-wise delicate condition, makes her friends fear a change for the worst at any time. Her physic-ian is in almost constant attendance. Paris, Oct. 30.-Among the diplomatic hanges of France is that of the retirement of the Count of Montebello from Constanti-

Chicago, Oct. 30 .- The Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe road has ordered that all salaries be

It is expected that he will replace M.

reduced 10 per cent., beginning Thursday. Members of organized labor unions are ex-

Ithaca, N. Y., Oct. 30.—Richard Barbour was to-day sentenced to be hanged Tucsday, December 18. The prisoner heard the sentence International Courtesies.

Berlin, Oct. 30 .- The novelist Spielhagen resterday unveiled a bust of Camisso, the French writer of poetry. An Inopportune Time.

New York Sun.
Boys (out late)—There, Brown, is your couse; d'you think you can get in by yourself?
Brown—Yesh, boys, b'gost but the baby's rying. Thish (hic) no time to go (hic) home.

Local Weather Indications.

Pair, colder Tucsday, warmer Wednesday northwesterly, backing to southwesterly winds frests Weinesday northing. Temperature to day: 9 a. m., 51; 12 m., 53; 3 p. m., 55.